## NATIONAL HONEY REPORT



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# HONEY MARKET FOR THE MONTH OF JANURARY 2021 IN VOLUMES OF 10,000 POUNDS OR GREATER UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

Prices paid to beekeepers for extracted, unprocessed honey in major producing states by packers, handlers & other large users, cents per pound, f.o.b. or delivered nearby, containers exchanged or returned, prompt delivery & payment unless otherwise stated.

- REPORT INCLUDES BOTH NEW AND OLD CROP HONEY - (# Some in Small Lot --- +Some delayed payments or previous commitment)

ARKANSAS				
Soybean	Light Amber	\$1.65		
CALIFORNIA				
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$1.60		
Orange	White	\$2.25		
Sage	Extra Light Amber	\$1.55		
Toyon	Amber	\$1.80		
Valley	Extra Light Amber	\$1.80		
Valley	Light Amber	\$1.80		
DAKOTAS				
Clover	White	\$1.55	-	\$1.80
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.55	-	\$1.80
FLORDIA				
Brazilian Pepper	Light Amber	\$1.50	-	\$1.75
Brazilian Pepper	Amber	\$1.75		
Mangrove	Light Amber	\$1.75		
LOUISIANA				
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$1.65		
MISSOURI				
Alfalfa	White	\$1.50		
MISSISSIPPI				
Mixed Flower	White	\$1.75		
OREGON				
Wild berry	Light Amber	\$2.00		
TEXAS				
Clover	White	\$1.65		
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.65		
WYOMING				
Clover	White	\$1.73		

Prices paid to Canadian Beekeepers for unprocessed, bulk honey by packers and importers in U. S. currency, f.o.b. shipping point, containers included unless otherwise stated. Duty and crossing charges extra. Cents per pound.

Clover White No Sales

Prices paid to importers for bulk honey, duty paid, containers included, cents per pound, ex-dock or point of entry unless otherwise stated.

ARGENTI	NA					
Clover		White		\$1.27		
Clover		Extra Light		\$1.34		
Mesquit	te	White		\$1.19		
Mixed I	Flowers	White		\$1.18	-	\$1.79
Mixed I	Flowers	Extra Light		\$1.15	-	\$1.76
Mixed I	Flowers	Light Ambe	r	\$1.15	-	\$1.50
Mixed I	Flowers	Amber		\$1.45		
BRAZIL						
Mixed I	Flowers	Light Ambe	r	\$.94	-	\$1.32
ORGAN	NIC	Extra Light		\$1.14	-	\$1.82
ORGAN	NIC	Light Ambe	r	\$.92	-	\$1.82
ORGAN	NIC	Amber		\$1.35	-	\$1.79
INDIA						
Mixed I	Flower	Extra Light		\$.73		
Mixed I	Flower	Light Ambe	r	\$.71	-	\$.75
ORGAN	NIC	Light Ambe	r	\$.89		
UKRAINI	E					
Sunflow	/er	Extra Light		\$.85	-	\$.95
URUGUA	Y					
Mixed I	Flower	White		\$1.53	-	\$1.68
Mixed I	Flower	Extra Light		\$1.39	-	\$1.68
VIETNAM	1					
Mixed I	Flower	Light Ambe	r	\$.68	-	\$.85

#### COLONY, HONEY PLANT AND MARKET CONDITIONS DURING JANURARY 2021

APPALACHIAN DISTRICT (MD, PA, VA, WV): January was a quiet month filled with beekeeper zoom meetings and seminars, equipment maintenance, and orders for package bees for spring delivery. Overall, January was a bit milder than normal with mid-month seeing daytime temperatures in some areas in the lower fifties. Beekeepers conducted brief checks on colonies during the period of warmer weather with mostly positive reports.

ALABAMA: January started relatively warm and sunny, with many foraging opportunities for colonies throughout the state. Bright yellow pollen, possibly from dandelion, was observed in much of the south and central part of the state. Camelia, witch hazel, and maple offered foraging opportunities in southern regions, with dandelion, adler and henbit available to bees in more northern regions later in the month. As a result, brood rearing picked up from December, although cooler, wetter weather in the last half of January curbed colonies gains. Some drone brood was observed along the Gulf coast.

Due to limited brood in northern parts of the state, many beekeepers looked to apply oxalic acid to control varroa mites. Most beekeeper events were reduced due to precautionary measures designed to curb the novel corona virus. Some clubs hosted virtual meetings, while a few others initiated inperson events. The At Home Beekeeping Webinar Series, coordinated by Auburn University, Alabama Extension, and other regional partners, continued to offer virtual beekeeping programming.

ARIZONA: Temperatures were at below normal levels across the state of Arizona during the month of January. The main nectar and pollen source for bees across Arizona during the month of January was desert plant bloom.

Bee activity in the state was limited during the month of January. A large number of Arizona bees are currently at other locations, primarily in California, for the pollination of nut and fruit trees, especially almonds.

Dry, drought like conditions continue across the state. 98.93 percent of Arizona is now under drought conditions, with 84.6 percent of the state under extreme drought conditions. Demand for honey remained good across Arizona.

ARKANSAS: During the month of January temperatures were mostly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during January was slightly below normal to below normal across most of the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Arkansas had normal soil moisture conditions for January. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

CALIFORNIA: Quality of beehives continued to drop into January, which resulted in some weaker colonies being placed in almond orchards in California's Central Valley. Almond pollination begins in early February. "I have heard from several beekeepers that colony strength is down considerably, and some queen breeders are already looking for more bulk bees to even start their operations this year," a California beekeeper said. "I have personally seen many colonies that have been placed into the almonds that are dead, or so weak that they will die soon. Beekeepers need to clean up their act as growers do notice the dead colonies, and do not need to pay for those." "I'm hearing nothing but complaints about how the bees look," another beekeeper said. "Lots of very weak hives being placed in almonds." Contributing factors included unusually cool weather before pollination and rain during the early bloom.

Though there were plenty of structural hives, there didn't seem to be many actual bees in orchards, he said. "There is huge demand for bees and queens to make up for losses," a beekeeper said, "so we beekeepers in almonds hope for good buildup of our hives, which will be largely dependent upon weather."

Because of inconsistencies in hive quality, some almond growers wanted guaranteed frame counts and required inspections. Some beekeepers received bonuses for especially strong hives. Rates per hive ranged \$180 to \$225. One beekeeper said he managed to get more than \$2 per pound for his honey, though he had heard some Midwestern peers complain of prices closer to \$1.70.

Some said this season's almond bloom seemed lighter, which could reduce the need for bees. Others noted that some almond growers were also pulling out older trees.

January had warm temperatures, which allowed eucalyptus trees to begin bloom. "We haven't had much rain, so the normal wildflowers and willows are delayed," a beekeeper said. "In the few areas where other beekeepers have not overloaded/oversaturated with way too many colonies for the available forage, the bees built up. We are seeing bees brought in by the semi loads into residential areas and causing ill will with the neighbors, as well with the local beekeepers like me. Our area cannot support that many colonies. We all suffer."

FLORIDA: Temperatures were cooler than normal with about normal precipitation for the month. Bee health was good as mite treatments generally were finished at the beginning of the month. Some beekeepers were reporting slower than normal growth of their hives after splitting. This was probably due to cooler temperatures keeping the bees from flying and foraging. Supplemental feeding was necessary as there were few sources of natural nutrition. Red maple was available in some portions of the state, but there were few other natural sources of food. The vast majority of commercial bees in Florida were being relocated to California for almond pollination. Cool temperatures in California may push back the beginning of the pollination season this year. It normally begins around the middle of February and ends around the middle of March. The season may begin a little later than normal this year with some beekeepers expecting it to be a slightly shorter season than normal. If the season does end a little earlier than normal, more bees will be able to return to Florida for orange blossom honey season. That season normally starts around the middle of March and will be the next major source of honey production in Florida. There was practically no stored honey at the end of the month with none produced for commercial purposes during the month.

GEORGIA: With all the cold and wet days in the month many beekeepers were not able to get to work with the bees and check on them as normal. Several are reporting losses, and some are not sure what may be the cause of it. It could be nutritional for some that are having problems with getting enough vegetables and wildflowers to feed from. Some are reporting that a form of Dysteria may be the culprit as the bees are coming back to the hives early because of the cold weather and defecating in the hives. Antibiotics may be needed. Because of Covid-19 many folks are not travelling as they have in the past to purchase local honey and some have not shopped for restocking their plants at home and that makes less food to get to for the bees as well. Sales are down at least 30 percent and retail even higher. Wildflower prices: \$200 for a barrel, \$13 for a pint, \$27 for a 5lb ½ bucket. Tupelo prices: \$5 a lb from the barrel, \$10 for a Quart jar.

IDAHO, COLORADO, UTAH: During the month of January, temperatures were slightly above normal across the entire states of Idaho, Utah, and most areas in Colorado. Precipitation during January was slightly below normal to below normal across most of Idaho, Utah, and Colorado. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, abnormally dry to moderate drought conditions occurred in Idaho. Utah and Colorado had extreme to exceptionally dry soil conditions during January.

Most Beekeepers have shipped hives to southern states or California at this time due to the weather conditions. Beekeepers are preparing for the 2021 almond pollination. There were too few sales reported to establish a market for local honey.

ILLINOIS: The weather for January has been fluctuating from cooler to warmer days with one day close to 50 degrees in temperature. The last week of the month saw some heavy snow falls. Beekeepers have been checking on the bees to see how they are doing. Some beekeepers report dead hives. Remaining hives appear to be very strong and are being given supplemental feedings. Beekeepers are also going to meetings, checking and repairing equipment, ordering packages, preparing for the spring and participating in beekeeping classes. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and fairly good at wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

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INDIANA: The weather for January has been volatile overall with temperatures fluctuating from cold to warm but with an overall higher than average temperature. Most beekeepers report their bees in good condition, but others report dead hives. Beekeepers are going to meetings and checking and repairing equipment. Demand for honey is fairly good at the retail level and demand was slow at the wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

IOWA, KANSAS, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA: No report issued.

KENTUCKY: The new year started with milder temperatures in Kentucky, and so honey bees were foraging on the intrepid weed henbit (spp. Lamium amplexicaule) that was beginning to bloom in some fields in January. Although invasive, this plant, a member of the mint family, provides nectar and pollen in the early months of the year when winters are mild. This first month also brought snow flurries and rain, with one meteorologist reporting the rainiest day in January in KY since 1978 (Jan. 26). Just as the hives have clustered in these wet and cool temperatures, so too have the beekeepers, with the unrelenting pandemic being the reason for many cooperative extension offices to close for the foreseeable future. Some beekeeping associations have offered education events online, but these efforts are scattershot. Anecdotally, honey sales seem to be consistent, however, indicating that consumers are supporting local beekeepers and perhaps the new culinary habits picked up during the Covid shutdowns may, in fact, linger throughout the year.

LOUISIANA: During the month of January temperatures were normal to slightly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation was slightly below normal to below normal across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Louisiana had mostly normal to a few areas of abnormally dry soil moisture conditions for January. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

MICHIGAN: The bees stayed in a tight cluster this month to keep warm as the days passed. Healthy hives reported with plenty of honey should do fine. Those hives that are running low on food will need some type of supplement food source added adjacent to the cluster. As it has been this past year, there has been good demand for local honey in stores and markets and the price is staying strong.

MINNESOTA: During the month of January, temperatures were above normal across the entire State of Minnesota. Precipitation in January was generally normal to slightly below normal across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Minnesota had abnormally dry to moderate drought soil moisture conditions during the month of January.

Some of the commercial beekeepers who moved their bees to Southern States are reporting good new pollen from trees. Mite levels seem to be very low currently. The waiting game is now over, and beekeepers have begun moving bee colonies to California for the 2020 almond pollination. According to bee brokers in California, it appears there may be a shortage of bees this year for the 2021 almond pollination. Demand for Minnesota honey continues to be good for locally sourced honey. Prices for 2020 crop range mostly from \$1.45-\$1.55.

MISSISSIPPI: Beekeepers are just hanging in there waiting for the weather to get better before getting to work in the hives and checking on the bees. Bees are fed protein patties to keep up their weight and condition. Most are reporting about a 15 percent loss this month. Wildflower prices reported to be \$2.00 - \$2.10 per pound

MONTANA: In Montana, the month of January was generally windy and dry with minimal snow courage. Daily average temperatures were mostly higher than historical averages, with highs ranging from the mid-20s to the mid-60s with lows ranging from the mid-30s to the teens. Topsoil moisture measurements at the end of January measured 14 percent very short, compared to 1 percent last year; 43 percent short, compared to 5 percent last year; 42 percent adequate compared to 81 percent last year; and 1 percent surplus, compared to 13 percent last year. Subsoil moisture measured 51 percent short and very short, while 49 percent of the subsoil moisture measurements were adequate or surplus. The U.S. Drought Monitor reported that approximately 81 percent of Montana was abnormally dry or in a current state of drought.

Home beekeepers were busy with equipment repair and overwintering activities for home colonies. However, most Montana colonies were at other locations, either warmer storage sites, or in California preparing for the upcoming nuts, tree fruit, and blueberry pollination seasons.

NEW ENGLAND: In New England, the month of January 2021 exhibited a pattern of erratic weather with a series of warm days with temperatures in the 40's set against an opposite pattern of cold days with temperatures in the 20's. January is usually beset with Nor'easter storms and the common deep freeze of bitter cold temperatures, strong winds and sporadic periods of heavy snow and rainfall. The mild winter certainly means less stress on honeybee colonies. The big concern is that the bees have been very active, and this uses more of their honey reserve with flights being common with so many days with warm temperatures. Keepers report that many of their hives were light on stores going into the winter, so starvation is a very real threat. The milder temperatures have allowed frequent cleansing flights and ventilation which should reduce disease and improve overwintering. Considering our weather and noted flight activity, keepers should not be surprised to find some hives loose bees because brood production will start early, and an extended cold period may result in the loss of hives due to starvation issues.

In New England, experienced beekeepers during fall preparations have made sure that each hive has 60 to 80lbs of food stores before the start of cold weather. In New England, keeper's advice checking the brood areas and replace empty frames with capped honey ones but never physically disturb the cluster. Many keepers are reluctant to open the hives and chance chilling the bees as most keepers leave enough food as well as bee candy regarding hives showing light stores.

In January, colonies were reported to be in moderate to good condition whereby the colonies that have experienced good health were the ones that received regular and aggressive applications of mite treatments such as apiguard, oxalic and formic acid.

Zoom conferences because of COVID- 19 has been a mainstay for every Beekeeping club in New England. Most of these lecture series for all beekeeping associations have been focusing on highlighting the best management practices for honey production. The key concepts and methodology examined are how to maximize surplus honey through colony preparation, location, and proper utilization of equipment. Secondly, discussions centered on current Winter weather conditions that New England has faced along with a previous prolonged drought. Supplementary, what keepers must do to combat the seasonal rise in varroa mite populations and needed winter preparations that must be completed in a timely way. Plans have been made to continue offering these zoom meetings to all County and State Beekeeping Associations throughout New England into the foreseeable future.

NEW YORK: So far it has been a fairly mild winter. Fortunately, temperatures have not fluctuated too radically which reduces the stress on wintering colonies. It will be during the next warm up that colonies should be checked for any colony needs whether that be candy boards or to count losses to plan on replacement numbers to order. Most colonies have been seen producing a small spray of dead bees indicating that colonies are alive and older workers are being replaced, all good signs so far. The second half of winter is the most difficult where colony deaths and starvation are observed. One can still reduce losses through prompt inspection and feeding.

Hopefully, spring will be "normal" which will help anticipation of spring work. A cold May, like last year, can affect the buildup of colonies and overall production.

Honey sales have increased slightly, either a sign of the colder weather or that people have missed their honey. Prices have remained steady at \$7-\$9 per pound. Bulk sales have been slow, indicating the honey sales are sluggish around the state, because larger beekeepers have yet to looking for sources to help bolster impoverished supplies.

Beekeepers are hoping for the vaccine to take hold, allowing more shoppers to get to honey outlets helping increase sales further. It will soon be time to fix and repair equipment to be ready for early Spring activities. A plan can help direct activities needed by each keeper to maximize efforts toward their specific needs, whether this be queen rearing, splitting, honey production or cut comb production. Normal weather patterns coupled with few winter losses makes beekeepers happy.

NORTH CAROLINA: Temperatures in North Carolina were slightly above normal for January with a statewide average temperature of 41.6°F. Precipitation was normal, however, that single statement does not well-capture the variability across the state. Overall statewide soil moisture levels were rated 0 percent very short, 0 percent short, 50.5 percent adequate, and 49.5 percent surplus the week ending January 23. The North Carolina Drought Management Advisory Council reported 3 counties as being abnormally dry.

High losses were reported in southeastern North Carolina. According to apiary inspectors, unfavorable weather conditions and pest issues are the suspected culprits. On days when bees were able to forage, ornamental evergreen shrubs and Red Maple were available in the Coastal Plains region.

Some commercial pollinators moved hives to California for fruit and tree nut pollination. Replacement bee operations are preparing for another season of very high demand.

Supply of honey is light to moderate; demand is seasonally light. Retail prices at the Raleigh State Farmers' Market were generally unchanged: \$7.00-\$8.00 per 8 ounce jar, \$12.00-\$13.00 per 16 ounce jar, \$20.00-\$22.00 per 32 ounce jar, and \$18.00 per 44 ounce jar; processed honey, creamed, was \$10.00 per 16 ounce jar. Prices at the Piedmont Triad Farmers' Market in Greensboro were also unchanged at: \$8.00-\$12.00 per 8-ounce jar, \$12.00-\$18.00 per 22-ounce jar, and \$20.00 per 32-ounce jar.

NORTH & SOUTH DAKOTA: Winter has its grip at home. Bees have been moved to over winter locations around the country. Preparations are being made for the almond crop in February in California. North Dakota along with Florida and Idaho make up the three states moving the most bees to the West. Many have been overwintering indoors in the Pacific NW.

OHIO: January weather started with a bang with precipitation and snow. Three counties received 2" of precipitation the first 3 days of the New year - Hocking, Delaware and Warren County, followed closely by Montgomery and Muskingum with 1.9 and 1.8" of snow respectively, in northern Ohio and rain/sleet/ slush in the southern areas. Two snowstorms blanketed most of Ohio, with parts of Lake County receiving an inch of snow on Jan 1, then at the end of the month, both Clermont and Athens County experienced 1.5" of snow. Jefferson County had 1.5" snow January 18.

Southeastern Ohio: A number of days have been colder than expected in January with the bees only getting a couple of short flying days during the month. Some colonies have already migrated upwards to the top cover and are endanger of starving, as they are unable to move sideways on the frames. These colonies are going to require feeding from the top of the colonies or they may not survive. Feeding in the form of patties directly on the top bars will work best for these colonies. February is looking to follow the same pattern as January, so ventilation to allow moisture to escape will help in reducing dysentery in the colonies.

Northwestern Ohio: Bees are hunkered down. Not much flying seen between cloudy and cold temperatures. Winter temperatures have been above normal this winter which has led to cloudy but stable temperatures. Temperatures highs in the 30's and lows mid to upper 20's with little snow cover. There have been some reports of dead colonies. Without seeing the hives, believed most died of dwindling in the fall from varroa.

West central Ohio: January in this area has been a steady cold time period, honeybees could not fly to void. Bees are alive in yards and heavy with honey. Beekeepers have protein flour feeders out in yards waiting for warm weather. Will put protein patties on the top feeders in a few days. Only a couple of inches of snow had fell until we had a major snowstorm the last weekend of the month with more snow on the way.

Snow is a great insulator for plants, ground nesting animals and insects, however because it is frozen water, the cold can kill a colony of honeybees if upper ventilation is not provided. Beekeepers should make sure that their colonies receive good air flow through the colony so that moisture has a way to escape the hive box before being trapped inside the colony and freezing. Wet, cold bees usually cannot regain enough heat to recover.

Honey prices remain stable \$5.00 to \$6.00 per pound wholesale and \$8.00 to \$10.00 per pound retail. Demand for honey has decreased.

OKLAHOMA: During the month of January temperatures were normal to slightly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during January was normal to above across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, normal to a soil moisture conditions exist in the Eastern half of the state. Normal to a small area of moderate drought conditions cover the Western half of the state. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey

OREGON: No report issued.

SOUTH CAROLINA: Upstate South Carolina reported temperatures as low as 1.7 F to a high of 44.6 F with an average of 4.47" or precipitation. Brood production is lower due to the extremes in temperature variation. Bees are clustered because of the lower temperatures but are still managing to fly some during warmer days. Little hive inspections were conducted.

Some beekeepers observed bees bringing in pollen into the hives but do not know the source as the area is in winter. Hive weight has decreased. Keepers continue to monitor in anticipation of feeding in February prior to when the nectar flow begins.

Mite counts have significantly dropped. An Oxalic Acid vapor treatment was used in mid-January yielding a low mite drop indicating that the treatment was successful to greatly reduce the mite load.

Hives have not been heavily inspected, but colonies were bringing in pollen, an indicator that the brood is present. SC State Farmers Market located in West Columbia honey prices: 12-1 pint \$70.00, 12-1 quart \$130.00 and 12 count honey bears \$50.00-\$60.00.

TENNESSEE: Tennessee has been cold for the month of January. On warm days there are a few winter blooming flowers that bees are visiting. These pollen and nectar sources are not significant for honey production. So far this year colony losses have been low throughout the state with a few exceptions.

TEXAS: During the month of January temperatures were mostly normal across most of the state. Precipitation during January was normal to slightly below average across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, drought conditions for January improved again across much of the state. Conditions were normal to moderate across most of the state.

The year has begun with typical Texas weather which is anything but typical anywhere else. From unseasonably hot to snow twice in one-month Texas has had something for everyone. With everyone hoping for an early spring, beekeepers are busy getting everything ready. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

WASHINGTON: Once again temperatures ranges slightly below to slightly above the average. Growers were active with winter activities including pruning. Some greenhouse activity was started. Snowfall in the mountains has been average through most of the January but generally above 2020. Snowpack moisture content also generally above 2020 but in line with the average. There is not much snow at lower elevations at this point.

WISCONSIN: The temperatures for January started with many warmer than average days but ended with a very cold week. Beekeepers are checking on the bees for winter. Most beekeepers report that their bees are in good condition, while others report some dead hives. Beekeepers are going to meetings, checking, and repairing their equipment and preparing for the spring. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and fairly good at the wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

#### The export data is sourced from the Census Bureau. U.S Exports of Honey By Country, Quantity, and Value

	Year to	Date	December	2020
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	Kilograms	Dollars	Kilograms	Dollars
COMB & NATURAL HONEY PACKAGED FOR RETA	IL SALE			
Austria	8,034	19,500	0	0
Bahamas, The	38,234	121,336	6,737	20,581
Bahrain	24,958	60,582	0	0
Barbados	82,981	342,849	15,879	45,338
Bermuda	630	3,403	0	0
British Indian Ocean Territory	993	10,532	0	0
Brunei	735	8,573	0	0
Cayman Islands	8,522	30,800	1,796	6,185
China	83,809	230,675	1,314	6,981
Costa Rica	3,129	7,594	0	0
Ecuador	1,005	4,205	1,005	4,205
France(*)	2,931	7,114	0	0
Germany(*)	12,794	31,055	0	0
Ghana	1,360	3,000	0	0
Guyana	944	2,729	0	0
Haiti	207	2,515	0	0
Hong Kong	37,273	163,654	7,185	27,648
Iceland	533	2,818	533	2,818
Iraq	2,400	9,000	0	0
Japan	355,144	1,329,799	61,792	246,892
Korea, South	450,309	1,805,275	18,441	68,352
Kuwait	331,461	1,199,536	57,881	140,496
Leeward-Windward Islands(*)	1,480	9,990	0	0
Liberia	225	2,946	0	0
Mexico	8,425	20,450	0	0
Mongolia	715	3,344	0	0
Netherlands Antilles(*)	39,688	178,167	7,154	20,452
Panama	118,550	667,355	13,877	82,110
Peru	4,499	10,920	0	0
Philippines	727,841	1,854,987	3,495	13,653

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Saudi Arabia	1,156	12,246	0	0
Singapore	17,596	62,262	2,190	14,112
Spain	2,827	6,862	0	0
Taiwan	13,017	49,345	0	0
United Arab Emirates	60,060	161,835	4,881	11,848
United Kingdom	4,079	9,900	0	0
Vietnam	11,707	61,771	0	0
Yemen(*)	159,024	254,592	0	0
NATURAL HONEY, NOT ELSEWHERE INDICATED OR				
SPECIFIED				
Bahamas, The	80,186	335,138	914	4,019
Barbados	6,212	36,490	0	(
Bermuda	30,821	156,323	3,229	7,948
Cambodia	635	5,451	0	(
Canada	1,230,102	3,858,275	108,559	360,468
Cayman Islands	10,249	24,278	0	(
China	37,511	223,041	4,226	22,506
Germany(*)	27,302	66,268	0	(
Guyana	1,190	3,016	0	(
Haiti	572	2,745	0	(
Hong Kong	12,035	61,844	1,088	4,913
Hungary	4,522	10,976	0	(
India	176,690	341,124	0	(
Jamaica	7,473	35,360	0	(
Japan	3,472	31,142	0	(
Korea, South	825,043	2,408,297	60,616	147,127
Kuwait	15,406	41,177	0	(
Leeward-Windward Islands(*)	2,467	14,594	0	Ć
Malaysia	12,892	39,703	4,574	19,515
Mexico	34,852	126,630	0	(
Mongolia	716	3,344	0	Ć
Netherlands	3,198	7,762	0	(
Netherlands Antilles(*)	4,386	23,822	0	(
Nigeria	2,739	12,300	0	(
Philippines	732	6,064	0	(
Singapore	8,982	45,574	0	(
Taiwan	2,022	10,430	0	(
Trinidad and Tobago	58,381	211,530	3,719	12,022
United Arab Emirates	25,205	73,861	0	12,022
Vietnam	50,663	131,904	45,356	110.971
Yemen(*)	1,875	11,000	0	(
GRAND TOTAL	5,297,806	17,122,979	436,441	1,401,160

	Natural Honey, Not For Retail Sale, Extra Light (HTS Code 0409000045)														
Country of Origin			Month:	Já	an 2021					2021 TOTA	L TO	DATE			
Country of Origin	Kilograms		Value	CIF	Value (2)	То	tal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value		F Value (2)	То	tal Value (3)	
ARGENTINA	1,525,885	\$	4,351,393	\$	112,503	\$	4,463,896	1,525,885	\$	4,351,393	\$	112,503	\$	4,238,890	
BRAZIL	38,270	\$	196,890	\$	5,782	\$	202,672	38,270	\$	196,890	\$	5,782	\$	191,108	
EL SALVADOR	240	\$	1,800	\$	750	\$	2,550	240	\$	1,800	\$	750	\$	1,050	
FRANCE	668	\$	7,716	\$	525	\$	8,241	668	\$	7,716	\$	525	\$	7,191	
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	24,582	\$	95,982	\$	5,223	\$	101,205	24,582	\$	95,982	\$	5,223	\$	90,759	
INDIA	1,815,974	\$	2,678,176	\$	288,712	\$	2,966,888	1,815,974	\$	2,678,176	\$	288,712	\$	2,389,464	
SPAIN	7,200	\$	44,568	\$	1,831	\$	46,399	7,200	\$	44,568	\$	1,831	\$	42,737	
TAIWAN	133,980	\$	179,246	\$	400	\$	179,646	133,980	\$	179,246	\$	400	\$	178,846	
UKRAINE	747,062	\$	2,354,194	\$	157,972	\$	2,512,166	747,062	\$	2,354,194	\$	157,972	\$	2,196,222	
URUGUAY	114,123	\$	297,777	\$	8,911	\$	306,688	114,123	\$	297,777	\$	8,911	\$	288,866	
VIETNAM	448,500	\$	589,095	\$	11,235	\$	600,330	448,500	\$	589,095	\$	11,235	\$	577,860	
Grand Total	4,856,484	\$	10,796,837	\$	593,844	\$	11,390,681	4,856,484	\$	10,796,837	\$	593,844	\$	10,202,993	

	Natural Honey, Not For Retail Sale, White (HTS Code 0409000035)														
Country of Origin		Month:	Ja	n 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE								
Country or origin	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)			tal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value	CII	CIF Value (2)		tal Value (3)		
ALBERTA, CANADA	5,004	\$ 33,271	\$	104	\$	33,375	5,004	\$	33,271	\$	104	\$	33,375		
ARGENTINA	696,754	\$1,952,077	\$	51,690	\$	2,003,767	696,754	\$	1,952,077	\$	51,690	\$	2,003,767		
BRAZIL	131,320	\$ 457,342	\$	4,980	\$	462,322	131,320	\$	457,342	\$	4,980	\$	462,322		
BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA	131	\$ 675	\$	8	\$	683	131	\$	675	\$	8	\$	683		
EGYPT	1,350	\$ 8,568	\$	621	\$	9,189	1,350	\$	8,568	\$	621	\$	9,189		
FRANCE	99	\$ 1,117	\$	69	\$	1,186	99	\$	1,117	\$	69	\$	1,186		
GEORGIA	154	\$ 1,393	\$	291	\$	1,684	154	\$	1,393	\$	291	\$	1,684		
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	5,084	\$ 54,127	\$	3,297	\$	57,424	5,084	\$	54,127	\$	3,297	\$	57,424		
GUATEMALA	7	\$ 191	\$	1	\$	192	7	\$	191	\$	1	\$	192		
ITALY	1,199	\$ 23,194	\$	4,635	\$	27,829	1,199	\$	23,194	\$	4,635	\$	27,829		
JAPAN	793	\$ 21,104	\$	264	\$	21,368	793	\$	21,104	\$	264	\$	21,368		
KYRGYZSTAN	477	\$ 1,652	\$	-	\$	1,652	477	\$	1,652	\$	-	\$	1,652		
MANITOBA, CANADA	25,344	\$ 97,247	\$	135	\$	97,382	25,344	\$	97,247	\$	135	\$	97,382		
MEXICO	73,909	\$ 167,958	\$	14	\$	167,972	73,909	\$	167,958	\$	14	\$	167,972		
NEW ZEALAND	834	\$ 26,124	\$	1,860	\$	27,984	834	\$	26,124	\$	1,860	\$	27,984		
ONTARIO, CANADA	43,943	\$ 174,365	\$	600	\$	174,965	43,943	\$	174,365	\$	600	\$	174,965		
QUEBEC, CANADA	8,606	\$ 39,866	\$	414	\$	40,280	8,606	\$	39,866	\$	414	\$	40,280		
SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA	18,978	\$ 94,977	\$	150	\$	95,127	18,978	\$	94,977	\$	150	\$	95,127		
TAIWAN	20,165	\$ 35,143	\$	14	\$	35,157	20,165	\$	35,143	\$	14	\$	35,157		
TOGO	480	\$ 3,846	\$	420	\$	4,266	480	\$	3,846	\$	420	\$	4,266		
UKRAINE	56,880	\$ 98,118	\$	6,900	\$	105,018	56,880	\$	98,118	\$	6,900	\$	105,018		
URUGUAY	37,465	\$ 219,425	\$	7,976	\$	227,401	37,465	\$	219,425	\$	7,976	\$	227,401		

### Honey Imports (1)

84,443 \$ 3,596,223

1,128,976 \$

3,511,780 \$

3,596,223

Values are whole U.S. dollars

#### Natural Honey, Certified for Organic (HTS Code 0409000005)

Country of Origin		Month:	Já	an 2021				2021 TOT/	AL TO	DATE		
Country or origin	Kilograms	Value	CIF	Value (2)	To	tal Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CII	F Value (2)	To	tal Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	47,781	\$ 283,925	\$	496	\$	284,421	47,781	\$ 283,925	\$	496	\$	284,421
ARGENTINA	387,815	\$1,119,390	\$	58,000	\$	1,177,390	387,815	\$ 1,119,390	\$	58,000	\$	1,177,390
BRAZIL	1,101,862	\$4,526,204	\$	145,644	\$	4,671,848	1,101,862	\$ 4,526,204	\$	145,644	\$	4,671,848
FRANCE	1	\$ 15	\$	1	\$	16	1	\$ 15	\$	1	\$	16
INDIA	340,980	\$ 672,513	\$	50,140	\$	722,653	340,980	\$ 672,513	\$	50,140	\$	722,653
ITALY	100	\$ 2,670	\$	48	\$	2,718	100	\$ 2,670	\$	48	\$	2,718
MEXICO	1,829	\$ 8,338	\$	1,000	\$	9,338	1,829	\$ 8,338	\$	1,000	\$	9,338
ONTARIO, CANADA	1,958	\$ 3,970	\$	1,000	\$	4,970	1,958	\$ 3,970	\$	1,000	\$	4,970
QUEBEC, CANADA	7,948	\$ 36,151	\$	186	\$	36,337	7,948	\$ 36,151	\$	186	\$	36,337
SPAIN	189	\$ 2,172	\$	1	\$	2,173	189	\$ 2,172	\$	1	\$	2,173
TANZANIA	300	\$ 1,950	\$	160	\$	2,110	300	\$ 1,950	\$	160	\$	2,110
UKRAINE	56,880	\$ 357,398	\$	20,001	\$	377,399	56,880	\$ 357,398	\$	20,001	\$	377,399
URUGUAY	55,755	\$ 104,046	\$	5,892	\$	109,938	55,755	\$ 104,046	\$	5,892	\$	109,938
Grand Total	2,003,398	\$7,118,742	\$	282,569	\$	7,401,311	2,003,398	\$ 7,118,742	\$	282,569	\$	7,401,311

1. Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

1,128,976 \$3,511,780 \$

- 2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight
- 3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

**Grand Total** 

Natural Honey, Not For Retail Sale, Amber or Darker (HTS Code 0409000065)														
Country of Origin			Month:	J	an 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE						
Country of Origin	Kilograms		Value	CIF	Value (2)	To	tal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value	(	CIF Value (2)	To	tal Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	68	\$	1,276	\$	53	\$	1,329	68	\$	1,276	\$	53	\$	1,329
AUSTRALIA	2,090	\$	110,063	\$	4,697	\$	114,760	2,090	\$	110,063	\$	4,697	\$	114,760
BRAZIL	37	\$	192	\$	2	\$	194	37	\$	192	\$	2	\$	194
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	16,736	\$	54,240	\$	6,500	\$	60,740	16,736	\$	54,240	\$	6,500	\$	60,740
FRANCE	399	\$	5,926	\$	72	\$	5,998	399	\$	5,926	\$	72	\$	5,998
GEORGIA	65	\$	594	\$	124	\$	718	65	\$	594	\$	124	\$	718
GHANA	178	\$	250	\$	59	\$	309	178	\$	250	\$	59	\$	309
GREECE	6,918	\$	74,161	\$	3,957	\$	78,118	6,918	\$	74,161	\$	3,957	\$	78,118
GUATEMALA	1,976	\$	3,380	\$	491	\$	3,871	1,976	\$	3,380	\$	491	\$	3,871
HAITI	150	\$	180	\$	67	\$	247	150	\$	180	\$	67	\$	247
ITALY	8,139	\$	52,532	\$	2,550	\$	55,082	8,139	\$	52,532	\$	2,550	\$	55,082
MEXICO	69,948	\$	80,803	\$	577	\$	81,380	69,948	\$	80,803	\$	577	\$	81,380
NEW ZEALAND	71,813	\$1	1,983,758	\$	39,594	\$	2,023,352	71,813	\$	1,983,758	\$	39,594	\$	2,023,352
NIGERIA	226	\$	119	\$	458	\$	577	226	\$	119	\$	458	\$	577
PAKISTAN	360	\$	1,290	\$	14	\$	1,304	360	\$	1,290	\$	14	\$	1,304
POLAND	1,290	\$	6,736	\$	512	\$	7,248	1,290	\$	6,736	\$	512	\$	7,248
QUEBEC, CANADA	3,713	\$	21,988	\$	500	\$	22,488	3,713	\$	21,988	\$	500	\$	22,488
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN	349	\$	10,788	\$	739	\$	11,527	349	\$	10,788	\$	739	\$	11,527
TAIWAN	483	\$	4,894	\$	121	\$	5,015	483	\$	4,894	\$	121	\$	5,015
TURKEY	4,434	\$	22,762	\$	1,426	\$	24,188	4,434	\$	22,762	\$	1,426	\$	24,188
UKRAINE	57,420	\$	280,208	\$	18,834	\$	299,042	57,420	\$	280,208	\$	18,834	\$	299,042
UNITED KINGDOM	5,796	\$	148,729	\$	2,700	\$	151,429	5,796	\$	148,729	\$	2,700	\$	151,429
VIETNAM	1,402,180	\$1	1,585,989	\$	276,310	\$	1,862,299	1,402,180	\$	1,585,989	\$	276,310	\$	1,862,299
Grand Total	1,654,769	\$4	1,450,858	\$	360,357	\$	4,811,215	1,654,769	\$	4,450,858	\$	360,357	\$	4,811,215

	Natural Honey, Not Packaged for Retail Sale, Light Amber														
(HTS Code 0409000056)															
Country of Origin			Month:	Ja	n 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE							
country or origin	Kilograms		Value	CIF	Value (2)	Total Value (3)		Kilograms	Value		С	CIF Value (2)	To	tal Value (3)	
ARGENTINA	599,009	\$	1,595,290	\$	60,646	\$	1,655,936	599,009	\$	1,595,290	\$	60,646	\$	1,655,936	
BRAZIL	231,228	\$	1,336,046	\$	46,211	\$	1,382,257	231,228	\$	1,336,046	\$	46,211	\$	1,382,257	
CAMEROON	429	\$	780	\$	81	\$	861	429	\$	780	\$	81	\$	861	
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	3,235	\$	11,314	\$	424	\$	11,738	3,235	\$	11,314	\$	424	\$	11,738	
FINLAND	66	\$	2,232	\$	67	\$	2,299	66	\$	2,232	\$	67	\$	2,299	
GEORGIA	45	\$	407	\$	85	\$	492	45	\$	407	\$	85	\$	492	
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	35,877	\$	293,632	\$	16,680	\$	310,312	35,877	\$	293,632	\$	16,680	\$	310,312	
GUATEMALA	2	\$	42	\$	1	\$	43	2	\$	42	\$	1	\$	43	
INDIA	2,112,049	\$	2,974,069	\$	279,376	\$	3,253,445	2,112,049	\$	2,974,069	\$	279,376	\$	3,253,445	
ITALY	98	\$	864	\$	65	\$	929	98	\$	864	\$	65	\$	929	
KYRGYZSTAN	93	\$	322	\$	-	\$	322	93	\$	322	\$	-	\$	322	
MEXICO	46,605	\$	119,046	\$	1,200	\$	120,246	46,605	\$	119,046	\$	1,200	\$	120,246	
NEW ZEALAND	414	\$	25,651	\$	500	\$	26,151	414	\$	25,651	\$	500	\$	26,151	
NIGERIA	4	\$	22	\$	171	\$	193	4	\$	22	\$	171	\$	193	
ONTARIO, CANADA	187	\$	668	\$	16	\$	684	187	\$	668	\$	16	\$	684	
SPAIN	20,010	\$	137,441	\$	1,541	\$	138,982	20,010	\$	137,441	\$	1,541	\$	138,982	
TAIWAN	3,106	\$	5,407	\$	465	\$	5,872	3,106	\$	5,407	\$	465	\$	5,872	
URUGUAY	55,767	\$	129,111	\$	4,788	\$	133,899	55,767	\$	129,111	\$	4,788	\$	133,899	
VIETNAM	3,506,035	\$	4,220,973	\$	410,731	\$	4,631,704	3,506,035	\$	4,220,973	\$	410,731	\$	4,631,704	
Grand Total	6,614,259	\$	10,853,317	\$	823,048	\$	11,676,365	6,614,259	\$	10,853,317	\$	823,048	\$	11,676,365	

<sup>1.</sup> Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

<sup>2.</sup> CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight
3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

#### Comb Honey and Honey Packaged for Retail Sale (HTS Code 0409000010) Month: Jan 2021 2021 TOTAL TO DATE **Country of Origin** CIF Value (2) Kilograms Value CIF Value (2) Total Value (3) Kilograms Value Total Value (3) ALBERTA, CANADA 1,860 35,589 \$ \$ 35,739 1,860 \$ 35,589 150 \$ 35,739 150 \$ \$ 19,794 \$ ARGENTINA 19,794 \$ 59,605 6,000 65,605 \$ 59,605 \$ 6,000 65,605 AUSTRALIA 28,894 \$ 316,563 \$ 18,967 \$ 335,530 28,894 \$ 316,563 \$ 18,967 \$ 335,530 **BELARUS** 14,543 \$ 59,152 \$ 2 \$ 59,154 14,543 \$ 59,152 \$ 2 \$ 59,154 \$ \$ BRAZIL 53 \$ 1,169 \$ 119 \$ 1,288 53 1,169 \$ 119 1,288 CHINA(MAINLAND) 297 \$ 6,747 \$ 446 \$ 7,193 297 \$ 6,747 \$ 446 \$ 7,193 COLOMBIA 105 \$ 245 \$ 13 \$ 258 105 \$ 245 \$ 13 \$ 258 13,201 \$ 214,446 \$ 4,469 \$ 218,915 13,201 \$ 214,446 \$ 4,469 \$ 218,915 FRANCE GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC 1,584 \$ 12,228 \$ 584 \$ 12,812 1,584 \$ 12,228 \$ 584 \$ 12,812 10,636 \$ 45,628 2,306 \$ 47,934 10,636 \$ 2,306 47,934 GREECE \$ 45,628 \$ \$ \$ \$ GUINEA 2 50 \$ 17 \$ 67 2 50 \$ 17 \$ 67 5,250 \$ \$ 12,689 \$ \$ \$ HUNGARY 12,689 187,382 \$ 5,250 192,632 187,382 192,632 148 148 \$ \$ 587 \$ 585 \$ \$ INDIA \$ 585 2 2 587 INDONESIA 35 \$ 1,000 \$ 75 \$ 1,075 35 \$ 1,000 \$ 75 \$ 1,075 75 \$ \$ \$ 659 75 \$ \$ \$ ISRAEL 565 94 565 94 659 3,063 ITALY \$ 44,932 \$ 1,407 \$ 46,339 3,063 \$ 44,932 \$ 1,407 \$ 46,339 LATVIA \$ 30 \$ 7 \$ 37 \$ 30 \$ 7 \$ 37 LITHUANIA 3,040 \$ 12,898 \$ \$ 12,899 3,040 \$ 12,898 \$ 1 \$ 12,899 230 972 \$ 1,614 230 \$ 1,614 MALAYSIA \$ 642 \$ 642 \$ 972 \$ 12,868 18,651 \$ 77 \$ 18,728 12,868 18,651 77 18,728 MEXICO \$ \$ \$ \$ MOLDOVA 720 \$ 4,908 \$ \$ 4,909 720 \$ 4,908 \$ \$ 4,909 \$ MONACO 82 \$ 1,287 \$ 205 \$ 1,492 82 1,287 \$ 205 \$ 1,492 \$ \$ \$ 15 \$ \$ MONGOLIA 15 \$2,502,921 2,552,293 92,211 2,502,921 2,552,293 **NEW ZEALAND** 92,211 \$ 49,372 \$ \$ \$ 49,372 \$ NICARAGUA 132 \$ 100 \$ 485 \$ 585 132 \$ 100 \$ 485 \$ 585 \$ \$ NIGERIA 18 \$ 24 \$ 13 37 18 24 \$ 13 \$ 37 ONTARIO, CANADA 25,080 24,885 \$ \$ \$ 2,427 \$ \$ 195 2,427 24,885 195 \$ 25,080 PAKISTAN 1,324 9,870 \$ 539 \$ 10,409 1,324 \$ 9,870 \$ 539 \$ 10,409 \$ \$ \$ \$ PERU 449 \$ 2,074 \$ 171 \$ 2,245 449 2,074 171 2,245 POLAND 5,060 \$ 15,127 \$ 2,009 \$ 17,136 5,060 \$ 15,127 \$ 2,009 \$ 17,136 PORTUGAL 531 \$ 4,819 \$ 170 \$ 4,989 531 \$ 4,819 \$ 170 \$ 4,989 **ROMANIA** 480 \$ 4,108 \$ \$ 4,109 480 \$ 4,108 \$ \$ 4,109 RUSSIA 112 \$ 504 \$ \$ 505 112 \$ 504 \$ \$ 505 \$ SIERRA LEONE 620 \$ 1,469 \$ \$ 620 \$ \$ 1,596 127 1,596 1,469 127 \$ \$ 79,901 \$ \$ **SPAIN** 79,901 501,266 \$ 18,432 519,698 501,266 18,432 \$ 519,698 SYRIA 512 \$ 390 \$ 113 \$ 503 512 \$ 390 \$ 113 \$ 503 \$ 35,740 \$ \$ 35,740 \$ \$ TAIWAN 3,516 \$ 1,699 37,439 3,516 1,699 37,439 THAILAND 480 \$ 2,364 \$ 215 \$ 2,579 480 \$ 2,364 \$ 215 \$ 2,579 105,055 \$ 105,055 \$ \$ 689,060 TURKEY \$ 663,148 \$ 25,912 689,060 \$ 663,148 25,912 UNITED KINGDOM 1,868 19,078 879 \$ 19,957 1,868 \$ 19,078 \$ 879 \$ 19,957 418,634 \$4,812,193 \$ 141,497 \$ 4,953,690 418,634 \$ 4,812,193 | \$ 141,497 \$ 4,953,690 **Grand Total**

<sup>1.</sup> Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

<sup>2.</sup> CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

<sup>3.</sup> Total Value: Value + CIF Value